

An Equation That Changed The Universe: $\bar{F} = -\frac{mc^2}{R}$

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*Dedicated to Prof. R. M. Santilli on the Occasion of
his 70-th Birthday*

Abstract

In this paper we explain the behavior of the entire universe from the smallest to the largest scales. We found the only tachyonic string theory (other string theories all are guesses), find an equation that changed the universe: $\bar{F} = -mc^2/R$, establish the expansion theory of the universe without dark matter and dark energy, and prove that the principle of equivalence is nonexistent.

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1 Introduction

In the Universe there are two stuffs: (1) observable subluminal matter called tardyon and (2) unobservable superluminal string matter called tachyons which coexist in motion. What are tachyons? Historically tachyons are described as particles which travel faster than light. Tachyon as particle with imaginary mass which is wrong. In our theory [1] tachyon is a string which has no rest time and no rest mass. It is unobservable. Tachyons can be converted into tardyons and vice versa. Tardyonic rotating motion produces the centrifugal force but tachyonic string rotating motion produces the centripetal force which is force of gravity. Using the tachyonic string length \bar{x}_0 we found the only string theory, other string theories are guesses. Using the coexistence principle of tardyons and tachyons we find

an equation that changed the universe: $\bar{F} = -mc^2/R$. We establish the expansion theory of universe without dark matter and dark energy. We unify the gravitational theory and particle theory and explain the behavior of the entire universe from the smallest to the largest scales. In the universe there are no quarks and no Higgs particles. We prove that Einstein's principle of equivalence is nonexistent. Therefore the general theory of relativity is wrong. In the universe there are no black holes. The geometrization of all physical fields is mathematical guesses which has no physical reality, because they do not consider and understand the tachyonic string theory.

2 An equation that Changed the Universe: $\bar{F} = -mc^2/R$

We first define two-dimensional space and time ring [1]

$$z = \begin{pmatrix} ct & x \\ x & ct \end{pmatrix} = ct + jx, \quad (1)$$

where x and t are the tardyonic space and time coordinates, c is light velocity in

vacuum, $j = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$.

(1) can be written as Euler form

$$z = ct_0 e^{j\theta} = ct_0 (\text{ch } \theta + j \text{sh } \theta), \quad (2)$$

where ct_0 is the tardyonic invariance, θ tardyonic hyperbolical angle.

From (1) and (2) we have

$$ct = ct_0 \text{ch } \theta, \quad x = ct_0 \text{sh } \theta \quad (3)$$

$$ct_0 = \sqrt{(ct)^2 - x^2}. \quad (4)$$

From (3) we have

$$\theta = \text{th}^{-1} \frac{x}{ct} = \text{th}^{-1} \frac{u}{c}. \quad (5)$$

where $c \geq u$ is the tardyonic velocity, $\text{ch } \theta = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-(u/c)^2}}$ and

$$\text{sh } \theta = \frac{u/c}{\sqrt{1-(u/c)^2}}.$$

The z denotes mathematics of the tardyonic theory.

Using the morphism $j : z \rightarrow jz$, we have

$$jz = \bar{x} + jct = \bar{x}_0 e^{j\bar{\theta}} = \bar{x}_0 (\text{ch } \bar{\theta} + j \text{sh } \bar{\theta}), \quad (6)$$

where \bar{x} and \bar{t} are the tachyonic space and time coordinates, \bar{x}_0 is tachyonic invariance, $\bar{\theta}$ tachyonic hyperbolic angle.

From (6) we have

$$\bar{x} = \bar{x}_0 \text{ch } \bar{\theta}, \quad c\bar{t} = \bar{x}_0 \text{sh } \bar{\theta}. \quad (7)$$

$$\bar{x}_0 = \sqrt{(\bar{x})^2 - (c\bar{t})^2}. \quad (8)$$

From (7) we have

$$\bar{\theta} = \text{th}^{-1} \frac{c\bar{t}}{\bar{x}} = \text{th}^{-1} \frac{c}{\bar{u}}. \quad (9)$$

where $\bar{u} \geq c$ is the tachyonic velocity, $\text{ch } \bar{\theta} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-(c/\bar{u})^2}}$ and

$$\text{sh } \bar{\theta} = \frac{c/\bar{u}}{\sqrt{1-(c/\bar{u})^2}}.$$

The jz denotes mathematics of the tachyonic theory. Both the z and the jz form the entire world but the jz world is unexploited and unstudied.

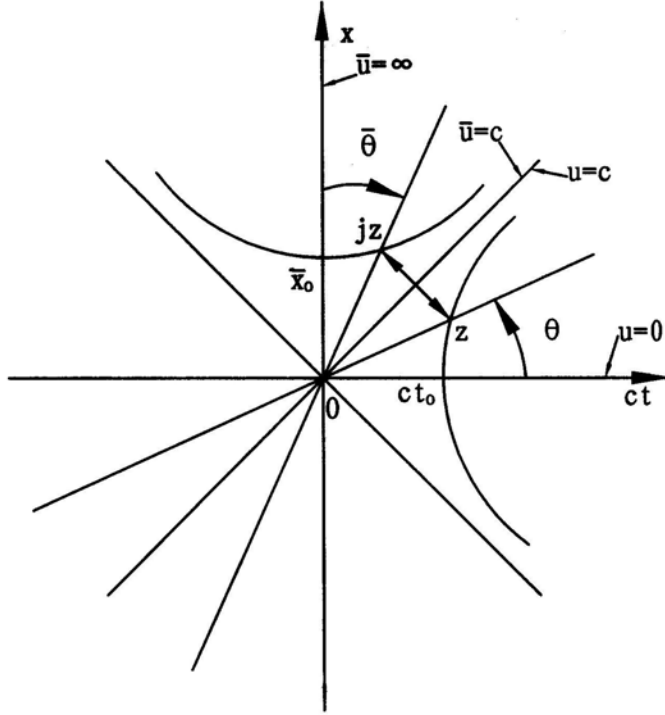


Fig. 1. Minkowskian spacetime diagram

Figure 1 shows the formulas (1)-(9). $j : z \rightarrow jz$ is that tardyon can be converted into tachyon, but $j : jz \rightarrow z$ is that tachyon can be converted into tardyon. $u = 0 \rightarrow u = c$ is the positive acceleration, but $\bar{u} = \infty \rightarrow \bar{u} = c$ is the negative acceleration, which coexist. At the x -axis we define the tachyonic string length

$$\bar{x}_0 = \lim_{\substack{\bar{u} \rightarrow \infty \\ t \rightarrow 0}} \bar{u}t = \text{constant}. \quad (10)$$

where t is the rest time.

Since at rest the tachyonic string time $t = 0$ and $\bar{u} = \infty$, we prove that the tachyon is a string which is unobservable. In rest system tachyonic string motion as an action-at-a distance motion. This simple thought made a deep impression on me. It impelled me toward the only string theory [1]. Other string theories all are guesses.

Assume $\theta = \bar{\theta}$, from (5) and (9) we get the tardyonic and tachyonic coexistence principle [1-3]

$$u\bar{u} = c^2 \quad (11)$$

Differentiating (11) by the time, we get

$$\frac{d\bar{u}}{dt} = -\left(\frac{c}{u}\right)^2 \frac{du}{dt}. \quad (12)$$

$\frac{du}{dt}$ and $\frac{d\bar{u}}{dt}$ can coexist in motion, but their directions are opposite.

We study the tardyonic and tachyonic rotating motions. In 1673 Huygens discovered that the tardyonic rotation produces centripetal acceleration

$$\frac{du}{dt} = \frac{u^2}{R}, \quad (13)$$

where R is rotating radius.

Substituting (13) into (12) we have the tachyonic string centrifugal acceleration

$$\frac{d\bar{u}}{dt} = -\frac{c^2}{R}. \quad (14)$$

It is independent of tachyonic velocity \bar{u} and tardyonic velocity u , only inversely proportional to radius R .

(13) and (14) are dual formulas, which have the same form. It is unique and perfect. From (13) we get the tardyonic centrifugal force

$$F = \frac{Mu^2}{R}, \quad (15)$$

where M is the inertial mass.

From (14) we get the tachyonic string centripetal force, that is gravity

$$\bar{F} = -\frac{mc^2}{R}, \quad (16)$$

where m is the gravitational mass converted into by tachyonic string mass \bar{m} which is unobservable but m is observable.

Whether $u = 0$ or $u \neq 0$, all matter produce the gravity. (15) and (16) are dual formulas, which have the same form. (16) is a new gravitational formula called an equation that changed the universe. This simple thought made a deep impression on me. It impelled me toward a theory of gravitation. It is simplicity, elegance and mathematical beauty. It is the foundations of gravitational theory and cosmology. In the universe there are two main forces: the tardyonic centrifugal force (15) and tachyonic string centripetal force (16)

which make structure formation of the universe.

Now we study the freely falling body. Tachyonic string mass \bar{m} can be converted into tardyonic mass m , which acts on the freely falling body and produces the gravitational force

$$\bar{F} = -\frac{mc^2}{R}, \quad (17)$$

where R is the Earth radius.

We have the equation of motion

$$\frac{mc^2}{R} = Mg, \quad (18)$$

where g is gravitational acceleration, M is mass of freely falling body.

From (18) we define the gravitational coefficient

$$\eta = \frac{m}{M} = \frac{Rg}{c^2} = 6.9 \times 10^{-10}. \quad (19)$$

In 1922 Eötvös experiment $\eta \sim 5 \cdot 10^{-9}$ and in 1964 Dicke experiment $\eta \sim 10^{-11}$ [4]. Since the gravitational mass m can be transformed into the rest mass in freely falling body, we define Einstein's gravitational mass $M_g = M_i + m$ and inertial mass $M_i = M$ [5]. We prove

$$M_g > M_i. \quad (20)$$

Therefore we prove that the principle of equivalence is nonexistent. At the heart of the general theory of relativity is the principle of equivalence. Therefore the general theory of relativity and black holes conjecture could all be wrong.

3 The Expansion theory of the universe

The Big Bang threw all the matter in the universe outwards. Both Newton's and Einstein's theories of gravity predict that the expansion must be slowing down to some degree: the mutual gravitational attraction of all the matter in all the galaxies should be pulling them inwards. But measurements of distant supernovae show just the opposite [6]. All the matter in the universe appears to be accelerating outwards. Its speed is picking up. There is no agreement yet about how to explain these mysterious observations. Now we explain our accelerating universe.

Using (16) we study the expansion theory of the Universe. Figure 2 shows a expansion model of the Universe. The rotation ω_1 of body A emits tachyonic string flow, which forms the tachyonic string field. Tachyonic string mass \bar{m} acts on body B , which produces its rotation ω_2 , revolution u and gravitational force

$$\bar{F}_1 = -\frac{mc^2}{R}, \quad (21)$$

where R denotes the distance between body A and body B , m is gravitational mass converted into by tachyonic string mass \bar{m} which is unobservable but m is observable. The revolution of the body B around body A produces the centrifugal force

$$F_1 = \frac{M_B u^2}{R}, \quad (22)$$

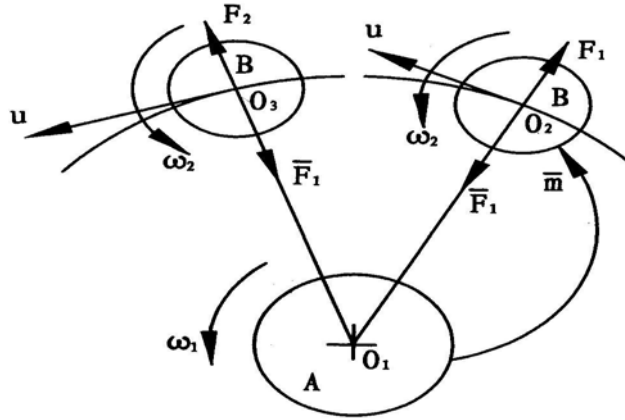


Fig. 2. A expansion model of the Universe

where M_B is the inertial mass of body B , u is the orbital velocity of body B . At the O_2 point we assume

$$F_1 + \bar{F}_1 = 0. \quad (23)$$

From (21)-(23) we have the gravitational coefficient

$$\eta = \frac{m}{M_B} = \left(\frac{u}{c}\right)^2. \quad (24)$$

At the O_3 point the tachyonic string mass \bar{m} can be converted into the rest mass m in body B , we have

$$F_2 = \frac{M_B u^2}{R} + \frac{m u^2}{R}. \quad (25)$$

Since $F_2 + \bar{F}_1 > 0$, centrifugal force F_2 is greater than gravitational force \bar{F}_1 , then the body B expands outwards and its mass increases. This is a expansion mechanism of the Universe. If body A is the Earth, then body B is the Moon; if body A is the Sun, then body B is the Earth; \dots . It can explain our accelerating universe. In the universe there are no dark matter and no dark energy. This simple thought made a deep impression on me. It impelled me toward a expansion theory of the universe without dark matter and dark energy.

If the body A is the Sun and body B is the planet. We calculate the gravitational coefficient η as shown in table 1.

Table 1.

Planet	u (km/sec)	$\eta(10^{-10})$
Mercury	47.89	255.2
Venus	35.03	136.5
Earth	29.79	98.7
Mars	24.13	64.8
Jupiter	13.06	19.0
Saturn	9.64	10.3
Uranus	6.81	5.2
Neptune	5.43	3.3
Pluto	4.74	2.5

Since gravitational mass m can be transformed into the rest mass in body B , we define Einstein's gravitational mass $M_g = M_i + m$ and inertial mass $M_i = M_B$ [5].

We prove

$$M_g > M_i. \quad (26)$$

Therefore we prove that the principle of equivalence in the Solar system is nonexistent. Of all the principles at work in gravitation, none is more central than the principles of equivalence [4], which could be wrong.

The tachyonic string mass \bar{m} can be converted into electrons and positrons which are the basic building-blocks of elementary particles [7, 8]. In the universe there are no Higgs particles which are not produced at the Large Hadron Collider and other particle accelerators. This simple thought made a deep impression on me. It impelled me toward a unification of gravitational theory and particle theory.

From (21) we derive Newtonian gravitational formula. The m is proportional to M_A , which denotes inertial mass of body A , in (24) m is proportional to M_B , is inversely proportional to the distance R between body A and body B . We have

$$m = k \frac{M_A M_B}{R}, \quad (27)$$

where k is a constant.

Substituting (27) into (21) we have Newtonian gravitational formula [2-3]

$$\bar{F}_1 = -G \frac{M_A M_B}{R^2}, \quad (28)$$

where $G = kc^2$ is a gravitational constant.

We have Einstein's gravitational mass

$$M_g = M_i + m = M_i(1 + \eta). \quad (29)$$

Substituting (29) into (28) we have Newtonian generalized gravitational formula

$$\bar{F}_1 = -G \frac{M_A(1 + \eta_A)M_B(1 + \eta_B)}{R^2}, \quad (30)$$

where η_A and η_B denote gravitational coefficients of body A and body B separately.

Assume ρ_A and ρ_B denote the densities of body A and body B separately. In the same way from (21) we get a unified formula of the gravitational and strong forces[3]

$$\bar{F}_1 = -G_0 \frac{\rho_A M_A (1 + \eta_A) \rho_B M_B (1 + \eta_B)}{R^2} \quad (31)$$

where $G_0 = 5.2 \times 10^{-10} \text{ cm}^9/\text{g}^3 \cdot \text{sec}^2$ is a new gravitational constant.

In the nucleus exists the strong interactions. We have [3]

$$\frac{\text{Strong interaction}}{\text{Gravitational interaction}} = \frac{G_s}{G_g} = 10^{38} \quad (32)$$

where $G_g = 6.7 \times 10^{-8} \text{ cm}^3/\text{g} \cdot \text{sec}^2$ and $G_s = 6.7 \times 10^{30} \text{ cm}^3/\text{g} \cdot \text{sec}^2$

In the nucleus we assume $\rho_A = \rho_B = \rho$. From (31) we have

$$G_s = G_0 \rho^2 \quad (33)$$

From (33) we have the formula of the particle radii

$$r = 1.55[m(\text{Gev})]^{1/3} \text{ jn}, \quad (34)$$

where $1 \text{ jn} = 10^{-15} \text{ cm}$ and $m (\text{Gev})$ is the mass of the particles.

From (34) we have that the proton and neutron radii are 1.5 jn [3].

We have the formula of the nuclear radii

$$r = 1.2(A)^{1/3} \text{ fm}, \quad (35)$$

where $1 \text{ fm} = 10^{-13} \text{ cm}$ and A is its mass number.

It is shows that (34) and (35) have the same form. The particle radii $r < 5 \text{ jn}$ and the nuclear radii $r < 7 \text{ fm}$.

Similar to equation (10) we define the tachyonic momentum of a string length \bar{x}_0 [1, 3]

$$\bar{P}_0 = \lim_{\substack{m_0 \rightarrow 0 \\ \bar{u} \rightarrow \infty}} m_0 \bar{u} = \text{const}, \quad (36)$$

where m_0 is tachyonic string rest mass.

Since $\bar{u} \rightarrow \infty$ and $t = 0$, tachyonic string has no rest mass and no rest time, we prove tachyon is unobservable..

4 Remarks

Special relativity is the tardyonic theory. Einstein pointed out that velocities greater than that of light have –as in our previous results–no possibility of existence [9], which could be wrong. But gravitation is the tachyonic string theory and an action-at-a-distance.

It had long been known that gravitational mass (the m in $F = GMm/r^2$, where F is the gravitational attraction between two masses a distance r apart and G is Newton's gravitational constant) is the same as *inertial* mass (the m in $F = ma$, where a is the acceleration caused by a force F). In 1907 Einstein realized that this seeming coincidence was in fact a consequence of something much deeper, which he later named the principle of equivalence. Gravity could therefore be regarded as a result of moving between accelerating (or non-inertial) frames of reference. Since Newton's law of gravitation $F = GMm/r^2$ and Newton's second law of motion $F = ma$ are two different laws, the principle of equivalence is nonexistent.

What is gravity? Newton wrote, "I have not been able to discover the cause of those properties of gravity from phenomena, and I frame no hypotheses ...". Einstein's theory of general relativity answered Newton's question: mass causes space-time curvature which is wrong. Gravity is the tachyonic string centripetal force.

Evolution of the theory of black holes. In 1915 Albert Einstein's general theory of relativity describes how matter and energy bend space-time. In 1916 Karl Schwarzschild solves Einstein's equations for the case of a very dense point mass. In 1965 Roger Penrose develops the idea of a singularity, a point where space becomes infinitely dense. In 1967 John Wheeler coins the term "black hole" to describe a star that collapses to a singularity. In 1969 Penrose suggests that singularities are hidden behind an event horizon. In 1973 Stephen Hawking and Jacob Bekenstein calculate the entropy – a measure of the amount of information–in a black hole and get a very large answer. In 1975 Hawking shows quantum mechanics predicts that energy escapes from black holes. He and colleague Kip Thorne bet John Preskill that this Hawking radiation cannot carry information. In 1996 Andrew Strominger and Cumrun Vafa use string theory to calculate the entropy of a black hole, getting the same answer as Hawking and Bekenstein. In 2004 calculations in quantum mechanics and string theory suggest that information can escape from black holes. Hawking concedes the bet. Models of black holes from string theory cast doubt on the idea of the singularity. Since general theory of relativity is wrong, in the Universe there are no black holes.

Where did we com from? Where are we going ? What makes up the universe? These questions have occupied mankind for thousands of years. Over the course of history, our view of the world has changed. Theologians and philosophers, physicists and astronomers have given us very different answers. Where did we come from ? We answer this questions: $\bar{m} \rightarrow m$,tachyons \rightarrow tardyons, that is gravitons can be converted into the electrons and positrons which are the basic building-blocks of particles. In the Universe there are no quarks and no Higgs particles. The Higgs particles are not produced at the Large Hadron Collider and particle accelerators. Where are we going? We answer this question: $m \rightarrow \bar{m}$, that is the tardyons produce tachyons. The tardyons and tachyons make up the Universe.

Einstein experience with the creation of general relativity: *But the creative principle resides in mathematics. In a certain sense, therefore, I hold it true that pure thought can grasp reality, as the ancients dreamed. (A passage in Einstein's 1933 Herbert Spencer Lecture).* It gave direction to later theoretical research, and its influence on fundamental physics will extend well into the 21st century. They can conjecture the physical reality in studying Riemannian geometry, curved spacetime, superstrings, supersymmetry, black holes, dark matter, dark energy, cosmological constant, brane world, theory of everything, Big Bang, inflation, Higgs physics and other, which could all be guesses, because they do not consider and understand the gravitational nature, the tachyonic string theory and an equation that changed the Universe : $\bar{F} = -mc^2/R$.

Note. In 1976 I find a gravitational formula [2]: $\bar{F} = -\bar{m}c^2/R$, where \bar{m} is the tachyonic string mass. In 2004 I study the Universe expansion and find $\bar{F} = -mc^2/R$, where m is gravitational mass converted into by tachyonic string mass \bar{m} .

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改变宇宙的方程： $\bar{F} = -mc^2/R$

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摘要：本文解释了整个宇宙从最小到最大范围的性质。我们建立唯一弦论，其它弦论都是猜想，找到一个改变宇宙方程。建立没有暗物质和暗能量的宇宙膨胀理论，证明爱因斯坦等效原理是不存在。

我花了三十年找到一个改变宇宙方程，它可以解释引力和宇宙中很多问题。牛顿从苹果落地发现万有引力定律，没有回答物体之间有引力为什么地球不落入太阳中，爱因斯坦电梯引力模型不是引力模型。目前发现宇宙正在加速向外膨胀，引入暗物质和暗能量产生斥力使宇宙向外膨胀，国外说要解释宇宙膨胀需要出现新的爱因斯坦（To make sense of it all we need a new Einstein）。我在 2004 年从新认识引力质量 m 从而建立宇宙膨胀理论。

牛顿花了二十年才找到万有引力公式。在天文计算仍用他的公式。爱因斯坦没有找到引力公式，我花了三十年才找到真正引力公式，牛顿引力公式只是我的公式一个特例。

国内外主流物理杂志都无理拒绝出版这篇论文。2005 年收到 1999 年诺贝尔物理奖得主 Gerard't Hooft 来信，他说本文不是从正规大学出来的。

从闵考夫斯基空间，人们只研究类时区即亚光速区，但对类空区即超光速区没有研究，过去超光速理论研究所有结果都是不对的。在文献[1]我们就建立正确超光速理论。

20 世纪理论物理研究是几何化，许多结果都是猜想，在高能物理学和大加速器实验中许多结果也是猜想，因为他们没有正确理论指导。宇宙学和基本粒子理论需要重新改写，一个新的物理时代即将来临。只有研究超光速弦理论才能建立一个完美的物理世界，要人们接受这一观点，可能还要花一百年，即到 2105 年。

根据何祚麻和方舟子打假标准，本文是中国最大伪科学，一定要消灭它。